

## **D1ROCKDALE**

### Customer: PTRHTF30107

D-CONSTRUCTION 16805 QUARRY RD MORRIS, IL 60450 USA

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## System Information

System Volume: 600 gal

Bulk Operating Temp: 340F / 171C

**Heating Source:** 

Blanket:

Fluid: PETRO CANADA PETRO-THERM

Make: GILLMAN

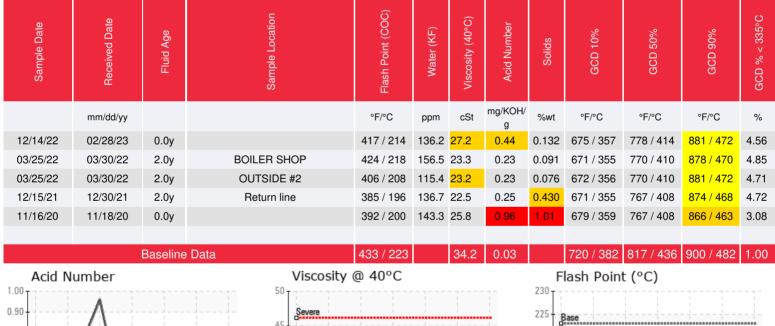
### Sample Information

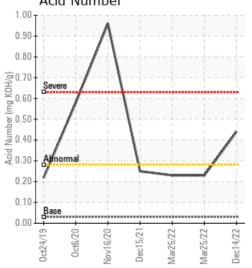
Lab No: 02542194 Analyst: Yvette Trzcinski Sample Date: 12/14/22 Received Date: 02/28/23 Completed: 03/06/23 Yvette Trzcinski

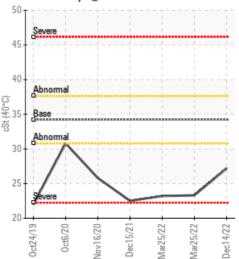
yvette.trzcinski@HFSinclair.com

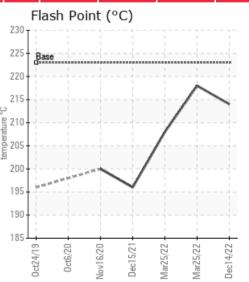
Recommendation: Degradation of the fluid appears to be occuring due to oxidation the viscosity and acid number are increasing the pentane insolubes are increasing as well. Severely high levels of Calcium and sodium and they appear to have increased - these are contaminates signs of another fluid being added to the system which could affect the fluid life and performance of the Petro-therm heat transfer oil

Comments: Calcium ppm levels are severely high. Acid Number (AN) is abnormally high. Sodium ppm levels are abnormally high. Visc @ 40°C is abnormally low. (GCD) 90% Distillation Point is marginally low.











Elemental analysis results (above) in parts per million (ppm). [10,000 ppm = 1.0%]

0

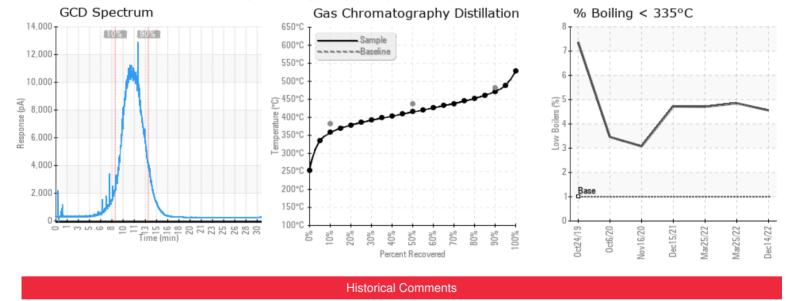
**Baseline Data** 

03/25/22

03/25/22

12/15/21

11/16/20



# another fluid but need to find out where it is coming from and then look to change out the fluid or at least do a partial drain and recharge to remove the contamination it could be detrimental to the Petro-Therm Heat transfer fluid. Calcium ppm levels are severely high. Sodium ppm levels are abnormally high. (GCD) 90% Distillation Point is marginally low. High calcium and sulfur numbers inidicate this system has been contaminated with some other fluid. higher levels of these additives can be deterimental to Petro-therm. I suggest

Boiler room sample - same location as older samples - Solids in the oil have lowered but there is still high levels of calcium and sodium in the oil. Appears to be contamination from

High calcium and sulfur numbers inidcate this system has been contaminated with some other fluid. higher levels of these additives can be deterimental to Petro-therm. I suggest investigating the source of this and if any other product has been introduced into the system. once this has been confirmed and controlled I would suggest at least a partial repalcement of Pterotherm if not a complete change. Calcium ppm levels are severely high. Sodium ppm levels are abnormally high. (GCD) 90% Distillation Point is marginally low.

The sample is contaminated with large amounts of calcium and some sodium. The acid number is with in specification but there are solids in the oil as can be seen by the increase in pentane solids and the flash point is lower - looks like there might be thermal cracking of the system. it is important to increase the temperature of the system slowly to keep from Thermally Cracking the oil.

Resample in 3-6 months Pentane Insolubles levels are abnormally high. Calcium ppm levels are severely high. Sodium ppm levels are abnormally high. (GCD) 90% Distillation Point is marginally low

Solids and acid number are high indicating there is large amounts of contamination in the system which have and will continue to cause fouling of the system and buildup affecting the overall efficiency and performance of the system, consider cleaning and flushing the system. Pentane Insolubles levels are severely high. Acid Number (AN) is severely high. Calcium ppm levels are severely high. Sodium ppm levels are abnormally high. (GCD) 90% Distillation Point is abnormally low.

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